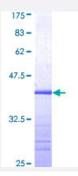


EPHB4 (Human) Recombinant Protein (Q01)

Catalog # H00002050-Q01 Size 25 ug, 10 ug

Applications



| Specification | |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Product Description | Human EPHB4 partial ORF (AAH52804, 198 a.a 323 a.a.) recombinant protein with GST-tag at N -terminal. |
| Sequence | AQLTVNLTRFPETVPRELVVPVAGSCVVDAVPAPGPSPSLYCREDGQWAEQPVTGCSCAPGFE AAEGNTKCRACAQGTFKPLSGEGSCQPCPANSHSNTIGSAVCQCRVGYFRARTDPRGAPCTTP |
| Host | Wheat Germ (in vitro) |
| Theoretical MW (kDa) | 39.49 |
| Interspecies Antigen Sequence | Mouse (78); Rat (78) |
| Preparation Method | in vitro wheat germ expression system |
| Purification | Glutathione Sepharose 4 Fast Flow |
| Quality Control Testing | 12.5% SDS-PAGE Stained with Coomassie Blue. |
| Storage Buffer | 50 mM Tris-HCI, 10 mM reduced Glutathione, pH=8.0 in the elution buffer. |
| Storage Instruction | Store at -80°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing. |
| Note | Best use within three months from the date of receipt of this protein. |



Applications

- Enzyme-linked Immunoabsorbent Assay
- Western Blot (Recombinant protein)
- Antibody Production
- Protein Array

| Gene Info — EPHB4 | |
|---------------------|--|
| Entrez GenelD | 2050 |
| GeneBank Accession# | BC052804 |
| Protein Accession# | AAH52804 |
| Gene Name | EPHB4 |
| Gene Alias | HTK, MYK1, TYRO11 |
| Gene Description | EPH receptor B4 |
| Omim ID | <u>600011</u> |
| Gene Ontology | <u>Hyperlink</u> |
| Gene Summary | Ephrin receptors and their ligands, the ephrins, mediate numerous developmental processes, par ticularly in the nervous system. Based on their structures and sequence relationships, ephrins are divided into the ephrin-A (EFNA) class, which are anchored to the membrane by a glycosylphosp hatidylinositol linkage, and the ephrin-B (EFNB) class, which are transmembrane proteins. The E ph family of receptors are divided into 2 groups based on the similarity of their extracellular domain sequences and their affinities for binding ephrin-A and ephrin-B ligands. Ephrin receptors make up the largest subgroup of the receptor tyrosine kinase (RTK) family. The protein encoded by this gene binds to ephrin-B2 and plays an essential role in vascular development. [provided by RefSe q |
| Other Designations | ephrin receptor EphB4 hepatoma transmembrane kinase soluble EPHB4 variant 1 soluble EPHB 4 variant 2 soluble EPHB4 variant 3 |

Pathway



Axon guidance

Disease

- Intracranial Arteriovenous Malformations
- Intracranial Hemorrhages