EPHB4 rabbit monoclonal antibody

Catalog # H00002050-K Size 100 ug x up to 3

Specification

Product Description	Rabbit monoclonal antibody raised against a human EPHB4 peptide using ARM Technology.
Immunogen	A synthetic peptide of human EPHB4 is used for rabbit immunization. Customer or Abnova will decide on the preferred peptide sequence.
Host	Rabbit
Library Construction	Non-fusion antibody library from rabbit spleen (ARM Technology).
Expression	Overexpression vector and transfection into 293H cell line.
Reactivity	Human
Purification	Protein A
Isotype	IgG
Quality Control Testing	Antibody reactive against human EPHB4 peptide by ELISA and mammalian transfected lysate by W estern Blot.
Storage Buffer	In 1x PBS, pH 7.4
Storage Instruction	Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Deliverable	Up to three rabbit IgG clones of 100 ug each will be delivered to customer.
Note	1. Customer may provide cell or tissue lysate for antibody screening. 2. Rabbit monoclonal antibody generated by ARM technology is amenable to antibody engineering in cluding $F(ab)_2$, IgG, scFv and different Fc and non-Fc conjugates per customer request.

Applications

- Western Blot (Transfected lysate)

  Protocol Download

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- ELISA

Gene Info — EPHB4

Entrez GeneID	2050
GeneBank Accession#	EPHB4
Gene Name	EPHB4
Gene Alias	HTK, MYK1, TYRO11
Gene Description	EPH receptor B4
Omim ID	600011
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink
Gene Summary	Ephrin receptors and their ligands, the ephrins, mediate numerous developmental processes, particularly in the nervous system. Based on their structures and sequence relationships, ephrins are divided into the ephrin-A (EFNA) class, which are anchored to the membrane by a glycosylphosphatidylinositol linkage, and the ephrin-B (EFNB) class, which are transmembrane proteins. The Eph family of receptors are divided into 2 groups based on the similarity of their extracellular domain sequences and their affinities for binding ephrin-A and ephrin-B ligands. Ephrin receptors make up the largest subgroup of the receptor tyrosine kinase (RTK) family. The protein encoded by this gene binds to ephrin-B2 and plays an essential role in vascular development. [provided by RefSeq
Other Designations	ephrin receptor EphB4|hepatoma transmembrane kinase|soluble EPHB4 variant 1|soluble EPHB4 variant 2|soluble EPHB4 variant 3

Pathway

- Axon guidance

Disease

- Intracranial Arteriovenous Malformations
- Intracranial Hemorrhages

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