

E2F2 rabbit monoclonal antibody

Catalog # H00001870-K Size 100 ug x up to 3

Rabbit monoclonal antibody raised against a human E2F2 peptide using ARM Technology.
A synthetic peptide of human E2F2 is used for rabbit immunization. Customer or Abnova will decide on the preferred peptide sequence.
Rabbit
Non-fusion antibody library from rabbit spleen (<u>ARM Technology</u>).
Overexpression vector and transfection into 293H cell line.
Human
Protein A
lgG
Antibody reactive against human E2F2 peptide by ELISA and mammalian transfected lysate by Western Blot.
In 1x PBS, pH 7.4
Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Up to three rabbit lgG clones of 100 ug each will be delivered to customer.
 Customer may provide cell or tissue lysate for antibody screening. Rabbit monoclonal antibody generated by ARM technology is amenable to antibody engineering in cluding F(ab)₂, lgG, scFv and different Fc and non-Fc conjugates per customer request.

Applications

Western Blot (Transfected lysate)

Protocol Download



ELISA

Gene Info — E2F2	
Entrez GenelD	<u>1870</u>
GeneBank Accession#	<u>E2F2</u>
Gene Name	E2F2
Gene Alias	E2F-2
Gene Description	E2F transcription factor 2
Omim ID	600426
Gene Ontology	<u>Hyperlink</u>
Gene Summary	The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the E2F family of transcription factors. The E2F family plays a crucial role in the control of cell cycle and action of tumor suppressor proteins and is also a target of the transforming proteins of small DNA tumor viruses. The E2F proteins contain s everal evolutionally conserved domains found in most members of the family. These domains include a DNA binding domain, a dimerization domain which determines interaction with the different iation regulated transcription factor proteins (DP), a transactivation domain enriched in acidic ami no acids, and a tumor suppressor protein association domain which is embedded within the trans activation domain. This protein and another 2 members, E2F1 and E2F3, have an additional cyclin binding domain. This protein binds specifically to retinoblastoma protein pRB in a cell-cycle dependent manner, and it exhibits overall 46% amino acid identity to E2F1. [provided by RefSeq
Other Designations	OTTHUMP0000003257

Pathway

- Bladder cancer
- Cell cycle
- Chronic myeloid leukemia
- Glioma
- Melanoma
- Non-small cell lung cancer
- Pancreatic cancer



- Pathways in cancer
- Prostate cancer
- Small cell lung cancer

Disease

- Breast cancer
- Breast Neoplasms
- Colorectal Neoplasms
- Genetic Predisposition to Disease
- Head and Neck Neoplasms
- Kidney Failure
- Neoplasm Recurrence
- Neoplasms
- Ovarian Neoplasms