

#### Full-Length

# CRABP2 (Human) Recombinant Protein (P01)

Catalog # H00001382-P01 Size 25 ug, 10 ug

## Applications



Specification	
Product Description	Human CRABP2 full-length ORF ( NP_001869.1, 1 a.a 138 a.a.) recombinant protein with GST-tag at N-terminal.
Sequence	MPNFSGNWKIRSENFEELLKVLGVNVMLRKIAVAAASKPAVEIKQEGDTFYIKTSTTVRTTEINFKV GEEFEEQTVDGRPCKSLVKWESENKMVCEQKLLKGEGPKTSWTRELTNDGELILTMTADDVVC TRVYVRE
Host	Wheat Germ (in vitro)
Theoretical MW (kDa)	42.1
Interspecies Antigen Sequence	Mouse (93)
Preparation Method	in vitro wheat germ expression system
Purification	Glutathione Sepharose 4 Fast Flow
Quality Control Testing	12.5% SDS-PAGE Stained with Coomassie Blue.
Storage Buffer	50 mM Tris-HCI, 10 mM reduced Glutathione, pH=8.0 in the elution buffer.
Storage Instruction	Store at -80°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.



Note

Best use within three months from the date of receipt of this protein.

### Applications

- Enzyme-linked Immunoabsorbent Assay
- Western Blot (Recombinant protein)
- Antibody Production
- Protein Array

Gene Info — CRABP2	
Entrez GenelD	<u>1382</u>
GeneBank Accession#	<u>NM_001878.2</u>
Protein Accession#	<u>NP_001869.1</u>
Gene Name	CRABP2
Gene Alias	CRABP-II, RBP6
Gene Description	cellular retinoic acid binding protein 2
Omim ID	<u>180231</u>
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink
Gene Summary	A number of specific carrier proteins for members of the vitamin A family have been discovered. Cellular retinoic acid binding proteins (CRABP) are low molecular weight proteins whose precise function remains unknown. The inducibility of the CRABP2 gene suggests that this isoform is imp ortant in retinoic acid-mediated regulation of human skin growth and differentiation. It has been po stulated that the CRABP2 gene is transcriptionally regulated by a newly synthesized regulatory pr otein. [provided by RefSeq
Other Designations	OTTHUMP00000038730 OTTHUMP00000038732 cellular retinoic acid-binding protein 2

#### Disease

Genetic Predisposition to Disease

🗑 Abnova

**Product Information** 

- HIV Infections
- <u>Hypercholesterolemia</u>
- Hyperlipoproteinemia Type II
- <u>Meningomyelocele</u>