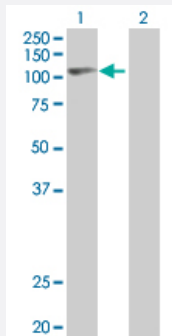


CCNT1 293T Cell Transient Overexpression Lysate(Denatured)

Catalog # H00000904-T01

Size 100 uL

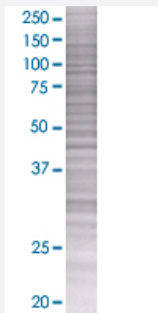
Applications



Western Blot

Lane 1: CCNT1 transfected lysate (80.7 KDa)

Lane 2: Non-transfected lysate.



SDS-PAGE Gel

CCNT1 transfected lysate.

Specification

Transfected Cell Line	293T
Plasmid	pCMV-CCNT1 full-length
Host	Human
Theoretical MW (kDa)	79.97
Interspecies Antigen Sequence	Mouse (90); Rat (78)

Quality Control Testing

Transient overexpression cell lysate was tested with Anti-CCNT1 antibody ([H00000904-B01](#)) by Western Blots.

Western Blot

Lane 1: CCNT1 transfected lysate (80.7 KDa)

Lane 2: Non-transfected lysate.

SDS-PAGE Gel

CCNT1 transfected lysate.

Storage Buffer

1X Sample Buffer (50 mM Tris-HCl, 2% SDS, 10% glycerol, 300 mM 2-mercaptoethanol, 0.01% Bromophenol blue)

Storage Instruction

Store at -80°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Applications

- Western Blot

Gene Info — CCNT1

Entrez GeneID

[904](#)

GeneBank Accession#

[NM_001240](#)

Protein Accession#

[NP_001231](#)

Gene Name

CCNT1

Gene Alias

CCNT, CYCT1

Gene Description

cyclin T1

Omim ID

[602506](#)

Gene Ontology

[Hyperlink](#)

Gene Summary

The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the highly conserved cyclin family, whose members are characterized by a dramatic periodicity in protein abundance through the cell cycle. Cyclins function as regulators of CDK kinases. Different cyclins exhibit distinct expression and degradation patterns which contribute to the temporal coordination of each mitotic event. This cyclin tightly associates with CDK9 kinase, and was found to be a major subunit of the transcription elongation factor p-TEFb. The kinase complex containing this cyclin and the elongation factor can interact with, and act as a cofactor of human immunodeficiency virus type 1 (HIV-1) Tat protein, and was shown to be both necessary and sufficient for full activation of viral transcription. This cyclin and its kinase partner were also found to be involved in the phosphorylation and regulation of the carboxy-terminal domain (CTD) of the largest RNA polymerase II subunit. [provided by RefSeq]

Other Designations

CDK9-associated C-type protein|cyclin C-related protein|cyclin T1b|subunit of positive elongation transcription factor b

Disease

- [Disease Progression](#)
- [Disease Susceptibility](#)
- [HIV Infections](#)