

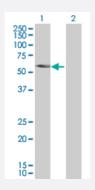
#### MaxPab®

# CCNE1 MaxPab mouse polyclonal antibody (B01)

Catalog # H00000898-B01 Si

Size 50 uL

# Applications



#### Western Blot (Transfected lysate)

Western Blot analysis of CCNE1 expression in transfected 293T cell line (H00000898-T01) by CCNE1 MaxPab polyclonal antibody.

Lane 1: CCNE1 transfected lysate(45.21 KDa). Lane 2: Non-transfected lysate.

Specification	
Product Description	Mouse polyclonal antibody raised against a full-length human CCNE1 protein.
Immunogen	CCNE1 (AAH35498, 1 a.a. ~ 410 a.a) full-length human protein.
Sequence	MPRERRERDAKERDTMKEDGGAEFSARSRKRKANVTVFLQDPDEETAKIDRTARDQCGSQPW DNNAVCADPCSLIPTPDKEDDDRVYPNSTCKPRIIAPSRGSPLPVLSWANREEVWKIMLNKEKTY LRDQHFLEQHPLLQPKMRAILLDWLMEVCEVYKLHRETFYLAQDFFDRYMATQENVVKTLLQLIGI SSLFIAAKLEEIYPPKLHQFAYVTDGACSGDEILTMELMIMKALKWRLSPLTIVSWLNVYMQVAYLN DLHEVLLPQYPQQIFIQIAELLDLCVLDVDCLEFPYGILAASALYHFSSSELMQKVSGYQWCDIENC VKWMVPFAMVIRETGSSKLKHFRGVADEDAHNIQTHRDSLDLLDKARAKKAMLSEQNRASPLPS GLLTPPQSGKKQSSGPEMA
Host	Mouse
Reactivity	Human
Quality Control Testing	Antibody reactive against mammalian transfected lysate.
Storage Buffer	No additive
Storage Instruction	Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.



#### **Product Information**

Note

For IHC and IF applications, antibody purification with Protein A will be needed prior to use.

# Applications

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Protocol Download

Gene Info — CCNE1	
Entrez GenelD	<u>898</u>
GeneBank Accession#	<u>BC035498</u>
Protein Accession#	<u>AAH35498</u>
Gene Name	CCNE1
Gene Alias	CCNE
Gene Description	cyclin E1
Omim ID	<u>123837</u>
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink
Gene Summary	The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the highly conserved cyclin family, whose members are characterized by a dramatic periodicity in protein abundance through the cell cycle. Cyclins fu nction as regulators of CDK kinases. Different cyclins exhibit distinct expression and degradation patterns which contribute to the temporal coordination of each mitotic event. This cyclin forms a complex with and functions as a regulatory subunit of CDK2, whose activity is required for cell cycle G1/S transition. This protein accumulates at the G1-S phase boundary and is degraded as cells p rogress through S phase. Overexpression of this gene has been observed in many tumors, which results in chromosome instability, and thus may contribute to tumorigenesis. This protein was foun d to associate with, and be involved in, the phosphorylation of NPAT protein (nuclear protein map ped to the ATM locus), which participates in cell-cycle regulated histone gene expression and pla ys a critical role in promoting cell-cycle progression in the absence of pRB. Two alternatively splic ed transcript variants of this gene, which encode distinct isoforms, have been described. Two add itional splice variants were reported but detailed nucleotide sequence information is not yet availa
	ble. [provided by RefSeq



### Pathway

- Cell cycle
- p53 signaling pathway
- Pathways in cancer
- Prostate cancer
- Small cell lung cancer

#### Disease

- Adenocarcinoma
- Breast cancer
- Breast Neoplasms
- Disease Progression
- Esophageal Neoplasms
- Genetic Predisposition to Disease
- <u>Neoplasm Invasiveness</u>
- Neoplasms
- Ovarian cancer
- Ovarian Neoplasms
- Urinary Bladder Neoplasms