

CBL rabbit monoclonal antibody

Catalog # H00000867-K Size 100 ug x up to 3

| Specification | |
|-------------------------|---|
| Product Description | Rabbit monoclonal antibody raised against a human CBL peptide using ARM Technology. |
| Immunogen | A synthetic peptide of human CBL is used for rabbit immunization. Customer or Abnova will decide on the preferred peptide sequence. |
| Host | Rabbit |
| Library Construction | Non-fusion antibody library from rabbit spleen (<u>ARM Technology</u>). |
| Expression | Overexpression vector and transfection into 293H cell line. |
| Reactivity | Human |
| Purification | Protein A |
| Isotype | lgG |
| Quality Control Testing | Antibody reactive against human CBL peptide by ELISA and mammalian transfected lysate by West em Blot. |
| Storage Buffer | In 1x PBS, pH 7.4 |
| Storage Instruction | Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing. |
| Deliverable | Up to three rabbit lgG clones of 100 ug each will be delivered to customer. |
| Note | Customer may provide cell or tissue lysate for antibody screening. Rabbit monoclonal antibody generated by ARM technology is amenable to antibody engineering in cluding F(ab)₂, lgG, scFv and different Fc and non-Fc conjugates per customer request. |

Applications

Western Blot (Transfected lysate)

Protocol Download



ELISA

| Gene Info — CBL | |
|---------------------|--|
| Entrez GenelD | <u>867</u> |
| GeneBank Accession# | CBL |
| Gene Name | CBL |
| Gene Alias | C-CBL, CBL2, RNF55 |
| Gene Description | Cas-Br-M (murine) ecotropic retroviral transforming sequence |
| Omim ID | <u>165360</u> |
| Gene Ontology | <u>Hyperlink</u> |
| Gene Summary | The cbl oncogene was first identified as part of a transforming retrovirus which induces mouse pr e-B and pro-B cell lymphomas. As an adaptor protein for receptor protein-tyrosine kinases, it posi tively regulates receptor protein-tyrosine kinase ubiquitination in a manner dependent upon its var iant SH2 and RING finger domains. Ubiquitination of receptor protein-tyrosine kinases terminates signaling by marking active receptors for degradation. [provided by RefSeq |
| Other Designations | oncogene CBL2 |

Pathway

- Chronic myeloid leukemia
- Endocytosis
- ErbB signaling pathway
- Insulin signaling pathway
- Jak-STAT signaling pathway
- Pathways in cancer
- T cell receptor signaling pathway
- <u>Ubiquitin mediated proteolysis</u>



Disease

- Diabetes Mellitus
- Disease Progression
- Genetic Predisposition to Disease
- Leukemia
- Tobacco Use Disorder