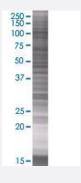


CAST 293T Cell Transient Overexpression Lysate(Denatured)

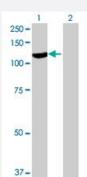
Catalog # H00000831-T02 Size 100 uL

Applications



SDS-PAGE Gel

CAST transfected lysate.



Western Blot

Lane 1: CAST transfected lysate (74.1 KDa)

Lane 2: Non-transfected lysate.

Specification	
Transfected Cell Line	293T
Plasmid	pCMV-CAST full-length
Host	Human
Theoretical MW (kDa)	74.1
Quality Control Testing	Transient overexpression cell lysate was tested with Anti-CAST antibody (H00000831-B02) by West ern Blots. SDS-PAGE Gel CAST transfected lysate. Western Blot Lane 1: CAST transfected lysate (74.1 KDa) Lane 2: Non-transfected lysate.



Product Information

Storage Buffer	1X Sample Buffer (50 mM Tris-HCl, 2% SDS, 10% glycerol, 300 mM 2-mercaptoethanol, 0.01% Bro mophenol blue)
Storage Instruction	Store at -80°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Applications

Western Blot

Gene Info — CAST	
Entrez GenelD	<u>831</u>
GeneBank Accession#	NM_173060.2
Protein Accession#	NP_775083.1
Gene Name	CAST
Gene Alias	BS-17, MGC9402
Gene Description	calpastatin
Omim ID	114090
Gene Ontology	<u>Hyperlink</u>
Gene Summary	The protein encoded by this gene is an endogenous calpain (calcium-dependent cysteine proteas e) inhibitor. It consists of an N-terminal domain L and four repetitive calpain-inhibition domains (d omains 1-4), and it is involved in the proteolysis of amyloid precursor protein. The calpain/calpast atin system is involved in numerous membrane fusion events, such as neural vesicle exocytosis a nd platelet and red-cell aggregation. The encoded protein is also thought to affect the expression I evels of genes encoding structural or regulatory proteins. Several alternatively spliced transcript v ariants of this gene have been described, but the full-length natures of only some have been determined. [provided by RefSeq
Other Designations	OTTHUMP00000158519 OTTHUMP00000158520 calpain inhibitor heart-type calpastatin sperm BS-17 component

Disease

- Alzheimer disease
- Cardiovascular Diseases



- Diabetes Mellitus
- Edema
- Hypertension
- Multiple Sclerosis
- Obesity
- Parkinson disease
- Tobacco Use Disorder