

CACNB4 rabbit monoclonal antibody

Catalog # H00000785-K Size 100 ug x up to 3

Specification	
Product Description	Rabbit monoclonal antibody raised against a human CACNB4 peptide using ARM Technology.
Immunogen	A synthetic peptide of human CACNB4 is used for rabbit immunization. Customer or Abnova will decide on the preferred peptide sequence.
Host	Rabbit
Library Construction	Non-fusion antibody library from rabbit spleen (ARM Technology).
Expression	Overexpression vector and transfection into 293H cell line.
Reactivity	Human
Purification	Protein A
Isotype	lgG
Quality Control Testing	Antibody reactive against human CACNB4 peptide by ELISA and mammalian transfected lysate by Western Blot.
Storage Buffer	In 1x PBS, pH 7.4
Storage Instruction	Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Deliverable	Up to three rabbit lgG clones of 100 ug each will be delivered to customer.
Note	 Customer may provide cell or tissue lysate for antibody screening. Rabbit monoclonal antibody generated by ARM technology is amenable to antibody engineering in cluding F(ab)₂, lgG, scFv and different Fc and non-Fc conjugates per customer request.

Applications

Western Blot (Transfected lysate)

Protocol Download



ELISA

Gene Info — CACNB4	
Entrez GenelD	<u>785</u>
GeneBank Accession#	CACNB4
Gene Name	CACNB4
Gene Alias	CAB4, CACNLB4, EA5, EJM
Gene Description	calcium channel, voltage-dependent, beta 4 subunit
Omim ID	<u>600669</u> <u>601949</u> <u>606904</u>
Gene Ontology	<u>Hyperlink</u>
Gene Summary	This gene encodes a member of the beta subunit family of voltage-dependent calcium channel co mplex proteins. Calcium channels mediate the influx of calcium ions into the cell upon membrane polarization and consist of a complex of alpha-1, alpha-2/delta, beta, and gamma subunits in a 1: 1:1:1 ratio. Various versions of each of these subunits exist, either expressed from similar genes or the result of alternative splicing. The protein encoded by this locus plays an important role in cal cium channel function by modulating G protein inhibition, increasing peak calcium current, controlling the alpha-1 subunit membrane targeting and shifting the voltage dependence of activation and inactivation. Certain mutations in this gene have been associated with idiopathic generalized epil epsy (IGE) and juvenile myoclonic epilepsy (JME). Multiple transcript variants encoding different is oforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq
Other Designations	dihydropyridine-sensitive L-type, calcium channel beta-4 subunit voltage dependent calcium chan nel beta 4 subunit

Pathway

- Arrhythmogenic right ventricular cardiomyopathy (ARVC)
- Cardiac muscle contraction
- Hypertrophic cardiomyopathy (HCM)
- MAPK signaling pathway

Disease



- Epilepsies
- Epilepsy
- Genetic Predisposition to Disease