

BTD rabbit monoclonal antibody

Catalog # H00000686-K Size 100 ug x up to 3

Specification	
Product Description	Rabbit monoclonal antibody raised against a human BTD peptide using ARM Technology.
Immunogen	A synthetic peptide of human BTD is used for rabbit immunization. Customer or Abnova will decide on the preferred peptide sequence.
Host	Rabbit
Library Construction	Non-fusion antibody library from rabbit spleen (ARM Technology).
Expression	Overexpression vector and transfection into 293H cell line.
Reactivity	Human
Purification	Protein A
Isotype	lgG
Quality Control Testing	Antibody reactive against human BTD peptide by ELISA and mammalian transfected lysate by West ern Blot.
Storage Buffer	In 1x PBS, pH 7.4
Storage Instruction	Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Deliverable	Up to three rabbit lgG clones of 100 ug each will be delivered to customer.
Note	 Customer may provide cell or tissue lysate for antibody screening. Rabbit monoclonal antibody generated by ARM technology is amenable to antibody engineering in cluding F(ab)₂, lgG, scFv and different Fc and non-Fc conjugates per customer request.

Applications

Western Blot (Transfected lysate)

Protocol Download



ELISA

Gene Info — BTD	
Entrez GenelD	<u>686</u>
GeneBank Accession#	<u>BTD</u>
Gene Name	BTD
Gene Alias	-
Gene Description	biotinidase
Omim ID	<u>253260</u> <u>609019</u>
Gene Ontology	<u>Hyperlink</u>
Gene Summary	Biotinidase functions to recycle biotin in the body by cleaving biocytin (biotin-epsilon-lysine), a nor mal product of carboxylase degradation, resulting in regeneration of free biotin. Biotinidase has al so been shown to have biotinyl-transferase activity. Defects in the biotinidase gene cause multiple carboxylase deficiency. [provided by RefSeq
Other Designations	-

Pathway

- Biotin metabolism
- Metabolic pathways

Disease

Metabolism