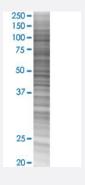


BGN 293T Cell Transient Overexpression Lysate(Denatured)

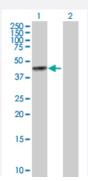
Catalog # H00000633-T01 Size 100 uL

Applications



SDS-PAGE Gel

BGN transfected lysate.



Western Blot

Lane 1: BGN transfected lysate (41.70 KDa)

Lane 2: Non-transfected lysate.

Specification	
Transfected Cell Line	293T
Plasmid	pCMV-BGN full-length
Host	Human
Theoretical MW (kDa)	41.7
Quality Control Testing	Transient overexpression cell lysate was tested with Anti-BGN antibody (H00000633-D01P) by West ern Blots. SDS-PAGE Gel BGN transfected lysate. Western Blot Lane 1: BGN transfected lysate (41.70 KDa) Lane 2: Non-transfected lysate.



Product Information

Storage Buffer	1X Sample Buffer (50 mM Tris-HCl, 2% SDS, 10% glycerol, 300 mM 2-mercaptoethanol, 0.01% Bro mophenol blue)
Storage Instruction	Store at -80°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Applications

Western Blot

Gene Info — BGN	
Entrez GenelD	<u>633</u>
GeneBank Accession#	NM_001711.3
Protein Accession#	NP_001702.1
Gene Name	BGN
Gene Alias	DSPG1, PG-S1, PGI, SLRR1A
Gene Description	biglycan
Omim ID	301870
Gene Ontology	<u>Hyperlink</u>
Gene Summary	The protein encoded by this gene is a small cellular or pericellular matrix proteoglycan that is clos ely related in structure to two other small proteoglycans, decorin and fibromodulin. The encoded p rotein and decorin are thought to be the result of a gene duplication. Decorin contains one attache d glycosaminoglycan chain, while this protein probably contains two chains. For this reason, this p rotein is called biglycan. This protein is thought to function in connective tissue metabolism by bin ding to collagen fibrils and transfering growth factor-beta. It may promote neuronal survival. This g ene is a candidate gene for the Happle syndrome. [provided by RefSeq
Other Designations	OTTHUMP00000025928 biglycan proteoglycan bone/cartilage proteoglycan-l dermatan sulphate proteoglycan l small leucine-rich protein 1A