ATP1B3 rabbit monoclonal antibody

Catalog # H00000483-K

Size 100 ug x up to 3

Specification	
Product Description	Rabbit monoclonal antibody raised against a human ATP1B3 peptide using ARM Technology.
Immunogen	A synthetic peptide of human ATP1B3 is used for rabbit immunization. Customer or Abnova will decide on the preferred peptide sequence.
Host	Rabbit
Library Construction	Non-fusion antibody library from rabbit spleen (ARM Technology).
Expression	Overexpression vector and transfection into 293H cell line.
Reactivity	Human
Purification	Protein A
lsotype	lgG
Quality Control Testing	Antibody reactive against human ATP1B3 peptide by ELISA and mammalian transfected lysate by Western Blot.
Storage Buffer	In 1x PBS, pH 7.4
Storage Instruction	Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Deliverable	Up to three rabbit IgG clones of 100 ug each will be delivered to customer.
Note	 Customer may provide cell or tissue lysate for antibody screening. Rabbit monoclonal antibody generated by ARM technology is amenable to antibody engineering in cluding F(ab)₂, lgG, scFv and different Fc and non-Fc conjugates per customer request.

Applications

• Western Blot (Transfected lysate)

Protocol Download

• ELISA

Gene Info — ATP1B3	
Entrez GenelD	<u>483</u>
GeneBank Accession#	<u>ATP1B3</u>
Gene Name	ATP1B3
Gene Alias	ATPB-3, CD298, FLJ29027
Gene Description	ATPase, Na+/K+ transporting, beta 3 polypeptide
Omim ID	<u>601867</u>
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink
Gene Summary	The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the family of Na+/K+ and H+/K+ ATPases beta chai n proteins, and to the subfamily of Na+/K+ -ATPases. Na+/K+ -ATPase is an integral membrane protein responsible for establishing and maintaining the electrochemical gradients of Na and K io ns across the plasma membrane. These gradients are essential for osmoregulation, for sodium-c oupled transport of a variety of organic and inorganic molecules, and for electrical excitability of n erve and muscle. This enzyme is composed of two subunits, a large catalytic subunit (alpha) and a smaller glycoprotein subunit (beta). The beta subunit regulates, through assembly of alpha/beta heterodimers, the number of sodium pumps transported to the plasma membrane. The glycoprote in subunit of Na+/K+ -ATPase is encoded by multiple genes. This gene encodes a beta 3 subunit. This gene encodes a beta 3 subunit. A pseudogene exists for this gene, and it is located on chro mosome 2. [provided by RefSeq
Other Designations	Na+/K+ -ATPase beta 3 subunit Na, K-ATPase beta-3 polypeptide sodium/potassium-dependent ATPase beta-3 subunit sodium/potassium-transporting ATPase beta-3 chain

Pathway

• Cardiac muscle contraction