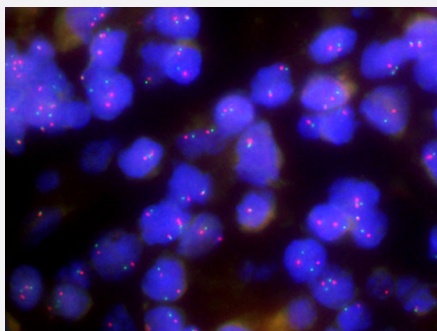


RET/CEN10p FISH Probe

Catalog # FG0078

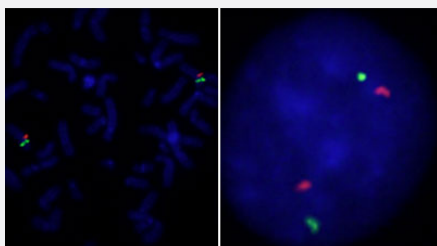
Size 200 uL, 100 uL

Applications



Fluorescent *In Situ* Hybridization (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections)

Human lung, adenosquamous cell carcinoma (FFPE) stained with RET/CEN10p FISH Probe. Human lung, adenosquamous cell carcinoma showed no RET gene amplification.



Hybridization position of the probes on the chromosome:

Hybridization position of the probes on the chromosome:

□

Specification

Product Description

Labeled FISH probes for identification of gene amplification using Fluorescent In Situ Hybridization Technique. ([Technology](#)).

Probe 1	Name: RET Size: Approximately 200kb Fluorophore: Texas Red Location: 10q11.2
Probe 2	Name: CEN10p Size: Approximately 640kb Fluorophore: FITC Location: 10p11.22
Probe Gap	The gap between two probes is approximately 11,600 kb.
Origin	Human
Source	Genomic DNA
Reactivity	Human
Form	Liquid
Notice	We strongly recommend the customer to use FFPE FISH PreTreatment Kit 1 (Catalog #: KA2375 or KA2691) for the pretreatment of Formalin-Fixed Paraffin-Embedded (FFPE) tissue sections.
Regulation Status	For research use only (RUO)
Quality Control Testing	Representative images of normal human cell (lymphocyte) stain with the dual color FISH probe. The left image is chromosomes at metaphase, and the right image is an interphase nucleus.
Supplied Product	DAPI Counterstain (1500 ng/mL) 125 uL for each 100 uL FISH Probe
Storage Instruction	Store at 4°C in the dark.
Note	Hybridization position of the probes on the chromosome: Hybridization position of the probes on the chromosome:

Applications

- Fluorescent In Situ Hybridization (Cell)

[Protocol Download](#)

- Fluorescent *In Situ* Hybridization (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections)

Human lung, adenosquamous cell carcinoma (FFPE) stained with RET/CEN10p FISH Probe. Human lung, adenosquamous cell carcinoma showed no RET gene amplification.

[Protocol Download](#)

Gene Info — RET

Entrez GeneID [5979](#)

Gene Name RET

Gene Alias CDHF12, HSCR1, MEN2A, MEN2B, MTC1, PTC, RET-ELE1, RET51

Gene Description ret proto-oncogene

Omim ID [142623](#) [155240](#) [162300](#) [164761](#) [171300](#) [171400](#) [209880](#)

Gene Ontology [Hyperlink](#)

Gene Summary This gene, a member of the cadherin superfamily, encodes one of the receptor tyrosine kinases, which are cell-surface molecules that transduce signals for cell growth and differentiation. This gene plays a crucial role in neural crest development, and it can undergo oncogenic activation in vivo and in vitro by cytogenetic rearrangement. Mutations in this gene are associated with the disorders multiple endocrine neoplasia, type IIA, multiple endocrine neoplasia, type IIB, Hirschsprung disease, and medullary thyroid carcinoma. Two transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. Additional transcript variants have been described but their biological validity has not been confirmed. [provided by RefSeq]

Other Designations RET transforming sequence|cadherin family member 12|hydroxyaryl-protein kinase|oncogene RET|receptor tyrosine kinase|ret proto-oncogene (multiple endocrine neoplasia and medullary thyroid carcinoma 1, Hirschsprung disease)

Pathway

- [Endocytosis](#)
- [Pathways in cancer](#)
- [Thyroid cancer](#)

Disease

- [Adenocarcinoma](#)
- [Adenoma](#)
- [Adrenal Gland Neoplasms](#)
- [Alzheimer Disease](#)

- [Atherosclerosis](#)
- [Carcinoma](#)
- [Cleft Lip](#)
- [Cleft Palate](#)
- [Digestive System Abnormalities](#)
- [Disease Progression](#)
- [Down Syndrome](#)
- [Endocrine Gland Neoplasms](#)
- [Esophageal Neoplasms](#)
- [Genetic Predisposition to Disease](#)
- [Glomus Tumor](#)
- [Hashimoto Disease](#)
- [Head and Neck Neoplasms](#)
- [Hippel-Lindau Disease](#)
- [Hirschsprung Disease](#)
- [Hydronephrosis](#)
- [Hyperplasia](#)
- [Hypertension](#)
- [Intestinal Diseases](#)
- [Kidney Diseases](#)
- [Lung Neoplasms](#)
- [Lymphatic Metastasis](#)
- [Macular Degeneration](#)
- [Multiple endocrine neoplasia](#)
- [Multiple Endocrine Neoplasia Type 2a](#)

- [Multiple Endocrine Neoplasia Type 2b](#)
- [Necrosis](#)
- [Neoplasm Metastasis](#)
- [Neoplasm Recurrence](#)
- [Neoplasms](#)
- [Neurofibromatosis](#)
- [Nondisjunction](#)
- [Pancreatic cancer](#)
- [Pancreatic Neoplasms](#)
- [Paranganglioma](#)
- [Parkinson disease](#)
- [Pheochromocytoma](#)
- [Prostate cancer](#)
- [Prostatic Neoplasms](#)
- [Pulmonary Disease](#)
- [Recurrence](#)
- [Schizophrenia](#)
- [Sleep Apnea](#)
- [Sudden Infant Death](#)
- [Syndrome](#)
- [Taste](#)
- [Thyroid Diseases](#)
- [Thyroid Neoplasms](#)
- [Tobacco Use Disorder](#)
- [Urea Cycle Disorders](#)
- [Urinary Bladder Neoplasms](#)

- [Urogenital Abnormalities](#)
- [Vesico-Ureteral Reflux](#)
- [Vitamin A Deficiency](#)
- [von Hippel-Lindau Disease](#)
- [Von Hippel-Lindau syndrome](#)
- [Werner syndrome](#)