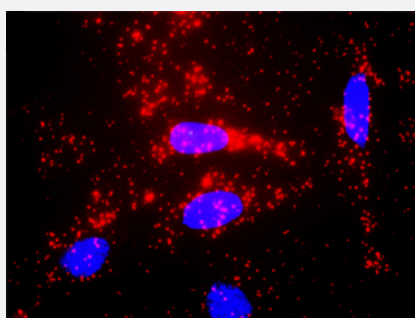


GRIN2B(phospho Y1472) & GRIN2B Protein Phosphorylation Antibody Pair

Catalog # DP0192

Size 1 Set

Applications



Representative image of Proximity Ligation Assay of protein phosphorylation. HeLa cells were stained with dual recognition antibody pair set, rabbit polyclonal antibody 1:1200 and mouse monoclonal antibody 1:50. Each red dot represents one single phosphorylated protein. The images were analyzed using an optimized freeware (BlobFinder) download from The Centre for Image Analysis at Uppsala University.

Specification

Product Description

This protein phosphorylation antibody pair set comes with two antibodies, one against the GRIN2B protein, and the other against the specific Y1472 phosphorylated site of GRIN2B for use in [in situ Proximity Ligation Assay](#). [See Publication Reference below](#).

Reactivity

Human

Quality Control Testing

Dual recognition immunofluorescence result.
Representative image of Proximity Ligation Assay of protein phosphorylation. HeLa cells were stained with dual recognition antibody pair set, rabbit polyclonal antibody 1:1200 and mouse monoclonal antibody 1:50. Each red dot represents one single phosphorylated protein. The images were analyzed using an optimized freeware (BlobFinder) download from The Centre for Image Analysis at Uppsala University.

Supplied Product

Antibody pair set content:
1. Phospho-GRIN2B Y1472 rabbit polyclonal antibody (20 ul)
In PBS (without Mg²⁺ and Ca²⁺), 150 mM NaCl, pH 7.4 (0.02% sodium azide, 50% glycerol)
2. GRIN2B mouse monoclonal antibody (40 ug)
In 1x PBS, pH 7.2
*Reagents are sufficient for at least 30-50 assays using recommended protocols.

Storage Instruction

Store reagents of the antibody pair set at -20°C or lower. Please aliquot to avoid repeated freeze thaw cycle. Reagents should be returned to -20°C storage immediately after use.

Applications

- *In situ* Proximity Ligation Assay (Cell)

Gene Info — GRIN2B

Entrez GeneID [2904](#)

Gene Name GRIN2B

Gene Alias MGC142178, MGC142180, NMDAR2B, NR2B, hNR3

Gene Description glutamate receptor, ionotropic, N-methyl D-aspartate 2B

Omim ID [138252](#)

Gene Ontology [Hyperlink](#)

Gene Summary N-methyl-D-aspartate (NMDA) receptors are a class of ionotropic glutamate receptors. NMDA receptor channel has been shown to be involved in long-term potentiation, an activity-dependent increase in the efficiency of synaptic transmission thought to underlie certain kinds of memory and learning. NMDA receptor channels are heteromers composed of three different subunits: NR1 (GRIN1), NR2 (GRIN2A, GRIN2B, GRIN2C, or GRIN2D) and NR3 (GRIN3A or GRIN3B). The NR2 subunit acts as the agonist binding site for glutamate. This receptor is the predominant excitatory neurotransmitter receptor in the mammalian brain. [provided by RefSeq]

Other Designations N-methyl-D-aspartate receptor subunit 2B|glutamate receptor subunit epsilon-2

Pathway

- [Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis \(ALS\)](#)
- [Long-term potentiation](#)
- [Neuroactive ligand-receptor interaction](#)
- [Systemic lupus erythematosus](#)

Disease

- [Alcohol Withdrawal Delirium](#)
- [Alcoholism](#)

- [Alzheimer disease](#)
- [Anorexia Nervosa](#)
- [Attention](#)
- [Attention Deficit Disorder with Hyperactivity](#)
- [Bipolar Disorder](#)
- [Bulimia](#)
- [Cognition](#)
- [Cognition Disorders](#)
- [Cues](#)
- [Disease Models](#)
- [Dyslexia](#)
- [Epilepsy](#)
- [Executive Function](#)
- [Genetic Predisposition to Disease](#)
- [Huntington disease](#)
- [Impulse Control Disorders](#)
- [Inhibition \(Psychology\)](#)
- [Memory](#)
- [Mental Disorders](#)
- [Nerve Degeneration](#)
- [Neuropsychological Tests](#)
- [Obsessive-Compulsive Disorder](#)
- [Parkinson disease](#)
- [Pheochromocytoma](#)
- [Postmortem Changes](#)
- [Psychiatric Status Rating Scales](#)

- [Schizophrenia](#)
- [Schizophrenic Psychology](#)
- [Seizures](#)
- [Substance Withdrawal Syndrome](#)
- [Tobacco Use Disorder](#)
- [Verbal Learning](#)
- [Weight Gain](#)