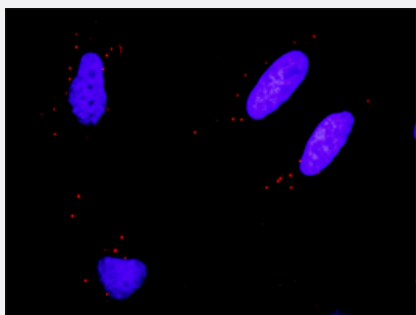


CDK6 & AR Protein Protein Interaction Antibody Pair

Catalog # DI0409

Size 1 Set

Applications



Representative image of Proximity Ligation Assay of protein-protein interactions between CDK6 and AR. HeLa cells were stained with anti-CDK6 rabbit purified polyclonal antibody 1:1200 and anti-AR mouse monoclonal antibody 1:50. Each red dot represents the detection of protein-protein interaction complex. The images were analyzed using an optimized freeware (BlobFinder) download from The Centre for Image Analysis at Uppsala University.

Specification

Product Description

This protein protein interaction antibody pair set comes with two antibodies to detect the protein-protein interaction, one against the CDK6 protein, and the other against the AR protein for use in [in situ Proximity Ligation Assay](#). [See Publication Reference below](#).

Reactivity

Human

Quality Control Testing

Protein protein interaction immunofluorescence result.
Representative image of Proximity Ligation Assay of protein-protein interactions between CDK6 and AR. HeLa cells were stained with anti-CDK6 rabbit purified polyclonal antibody 1:1200 and anti-AR mouse monoclonal antibody 1:50. Each red dot represents the detection of protein-protein interaction complex. The images were analyzed using an optimized freeware (BlobFinder) download from The Centre for Image Analysis at Uppsala University.

Supplied Product

Antibody pair set content:
1. CDK6 rabbit purified polyclonal antibody (100 ug)
2. AR mouse monoclonal antibody (40 ug)
*Reagents are sufficient for at least 30-50 assays using recommended protocols.

Storage Instruction

Store reagents of the antibody pair set at -20°C or lower. Please aliquot to avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycle. Reagents should be returned to -20°C storage immediately after use.

Applications

- *In situ* Proximity Ligation Assay (Cell)

Gene Info — AR

Entrez GeneID	367
Gene Name	AR
Gene Alias	AIS, DHTR, HUMARA, KD, NR3C4, SBMA, SMAX1, TFM
Gene Description	androgen receptor
Omim ID	176807 300068 300633 313200 313700
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink
Gene Summary	The androgen receptor gene is more than 90 kb long and codes for a protein that has 3 major functional domains: the N-terminal domain, DNA-binding domain, and androgen-binding domain. The protein functions as a steroid-hormone activated transcription factor. Upon binding the hormone ligand, the receptor dissociates from accessory proteins, translocates into the nucleus, dimerizes, and then stimulates transcription of androgen responsive genes. This gene contains 2 polymorphic trinucleotide repeat segments that encode polyglutamine and polyglycine tracts in the N-terminal transactivation domain of its protein. Expansion of the polyglutamine tract causes spinal bulbar muscular atrophy (Kennedy disease). Mutations in this gene are also associated with complete androgen insensitivity (CAIS). Two alternatively spliced variants encoding distinct isoforms have been described. [provided by RefSeq]
Other Designations	OTTHUMP00000023450 OTTHUMP00000061928 dihydrotestosterone receptor

Gene Info — CDK6

Entrez GeneID	1021
Gene Name	CDK6
Gene Alias	MGC59692, PLSTIRE, STQTL11
Gene Description	cyclin-dependent kinase 6
Omim ID	603368
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink

Gene Summary

The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the cyclin-dependent protein kinase (CDK) family. CDK family members are highly similar to the gene products of *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* cdc28, and *Schizosaccharomyces pombe* cdc2, and are known to be important regulators of cell cycle progression. This kinase is a catalytic subunit of the protein kinase complex that is important for cell cycle G1 phase progression and G1/S transition. The activity of this kinase first appears in mid-G1 phase, which is controlled by the regulatory subunits including D-type cyclins and members of INK4 family of CDK inhibitors. This kinase, as well as CDK4, has been shown to phosphorylate, and thus regulate the activity of, tumor suppressor protein Rb. [provided by RefSeq]

Other Designations

cell division protein kinase 6

Pathway

- [Cell cycle](#)
- [Chronic myeloid leukemia](#)
- [Glioma](#)
- [Melanoma](#)
- [Non-small cell lung cancer](#)
- [p53 signaling pathway](#)
- [Pancreatic cancer](#)
- [Pathways in cancer](#)
- [Pathways in cancer](#)
- [Prostate cancer](#)
- [Small cell lung cancer](#)

Disease

- [Abortion](#)
- [Acne Vulgaris](#)
- [Adenocarcinoma](#)
- [Adenocarcinoma](#)
- [Adrenal Hyperplasia](#)

- [Alcoholism](#)
- [Alopecia](#)
- [Alzheimer disease](#)
- [Androgen-Insensitivity Syndrome](#)
- [Angina Pectoris](#)
- [Antisocial Personality Disorder](#)
- [Arteriosclerosis](#)
- [Arthritis](#)
- [Arthritis](#)
- [Asperger Syndrome](#)
- [Atherosclerosis](#)
- [Attention Deficit Disorder with Hyperactivity](#)
- [Autistic Disorder](#)
- [Autoimmune Diseases](#)
- [Azoospermia](#)
- [Biliary Tract Neoplasms](#)
- [Bipolar Disorder](#)
- [Birth Weight](#)
- [Bone Neoplasms](#)
- [Brain Ischemia](#)
- [Breast cancer](#)
- [Breast cancer](#)
- [Breast Neoplasms](#)
- [Breast Neoplasms](#)
- [Cadaver](#)
- [Carcinoma](#)

- [Carcinoma](#)
- [Cardiomyopathy](#)
- [Cardiovascular Diseases](#)
- [Cardiovascular Diseases](#)
- [Chromosome Aberrations](#)
- [Cognition](#)
- [Cognition Disorders](#)
- [Colon cancer](#)
- [Colonic Neoplasms](#)
- [Colorectal Neoplasms](#)
- [Coronary Disease](#)
- [Crohn Disease](#)
- [Cryptorchidism](#)
- [Depressive Disorder](#)
- [Diabetes Complications](#)
- [Diabetes Mellitus](#)
- [Diabetes Mellitus](#)
- [Diabetic Nephropathies](#)
- [Diabetic Retinopathy](#)
- [Disease Progression](#)
- [Disease Progression](#)
- [Dyslipidemias](#)
- [Edema](#)
- [Edema](#)
- [Endometrial Neoplasms](#)
- [Endometriosis](#)

- [Epilepsy](#)
- [Esophageal Neoplasms](#)
- [Esophageal Neoplasms](#)
- [Fibroadenoma](#)
- [Fractures](#)
- [Fragile X syndrome](#)
- [Friedreich Ataxia](#)
- [Functional Laterality](#)
- [Gallstones](#)
- [Gender Identity](#)
- [Genetic Predisposition to Disease](#)
- [Genetic Predisposition to Disease](#)
- [Germinoma](#)
- [Gonadal Dysgenesis](#)
- [Growth Disorders](#)
- [Gynecomastia](#)
- [Head and Neck Neoplasms](#)
- [Head and Neck Neoplasms](#)
- [Heart Diseases](#)
- [Hepatitis B](#)
- [Hepatitis C](#)
- [Hip Fractures](#)
- [Hirsutism](#)
- [Hyperandrogenism](#)
- [Hyperplasia](#)
- [Hypertension](#)

- [Hypertrophy](#)
- [Hypogonadism](#)
- [Hypospadias](#)
- [Infertility](#)
- [Inflammation](#)
- [Inflammation](#)
- [Insulin Resistance](#)
- [Kidney Failure](#)
- [Klinefelter Syndrome](#)
- [Leiomyoma](#)
- [Libido](#)
- [Liver Neoplasms](#)
- [Lung Neoplasms](#)
- [Lymphoma](#)
- [Lymphopenia](#)
- [Machado-Joseph Disease](#)
- [Male pattern baldness](#)
- [Memory](#)
- [Mental Disorders](#)
- [Metabolic Syndrome X](#)
- [Microsatellite Instability](#)
- [Migraine Disorders](#)
- [Mood Disorders](#)
- [Mouth Neoplasms](#)
- [Muscular Atrophy](#)
- [Muscular Disorders](#)

- [Myocardial Infarction](#)
- [Myoclonic Epilepsies](#)
- [Myotonic dystrophy](#)
- [NARP](#)
- [Neoplasm Invasiveness](#)
- [Neoplasm Metastasis](#)
- [Neoplasm Recurrence](#)
- [Neoplasms](#)
- [Neoplasms](#)
- [Neovascularization](#)
- [Neuropsychological Tests](#)
- [Obesity](#)
- [Oligospermia](#)
- [Osteoarthritis](#)
- [Osteoporosis](#)
- [Ovarian cancer](#)
- [Ovarian cancer](#)
- [Ovarian Diseases](#)
- [Ovarian Failure](#)
- [Ovarian Neoplasms](#)
- [Ovarian Neoplasms](#)
- [Personality Assessment](#)
- [Personality Tests](#)
- [Phobic Disorders](#)
- [Polycystic Ovary Syndrome](#)
- [Precancerous Conditions](#)

- [Precancerous Conditions](#)
- [Pre-Eclampsia](#)
- [Prenatal Exposure Delayed Effects](#)
- [Prostate cancer](#)
- [Prostatic Diseases](#)
- [Prostatic Hyperplasia](#)
- [Prostatic Neoplasms](#)
- [Psychiatric Status Rating Scales](#)
- [Psychological Tests](#)
- [Psychophysiologic Disorders](#)
- [Psychosexual Development](#)
- [Puberty](#)
- [Rectal Neoplasms](#)
- [Recurrence](#)
- [Recurrence](#)
- [Schizophrenia](#)
- [Seminoma](#)
- [Severe combined immunodeficiency](#)
- [Sex Chromosome Aberrations](#)
- [Sex determination](#)
- [Sexual Dysfunction](#)
- [Sexual Dysfunctions](#)
- [Social Perception](#)
- [Spinal Diseases](#)
- [Spinal Fractures](#)
- [Spinal muscular atrophy](#)

- [Spinocerebellar ataxia](#)
- [Spinocerebellar Ataxias](#)
- [Stroke](#)
- [Substance Withdrawal Syndrome](#)
- [Substance-Related Disorders](#)
- [Task Performance and Analysis](#)
- [Testicular Neoplasms](#)
- [Thinness](#)
- [Thrombophilia](#)
- [Thyroid Neoplasms](#)
- [Tobacco Use Disorder](#)
- [Ureteral Neoplasms](#)
- [Urinary Bladder Neoplasms](#)
- [Urinary Bladder Neoplasms](#)
- [Urinary Calculi](#)
- [Uterine Neoplasms](#)
- [Virilism](#)
- [Wegener Granulomatosis](#)
- [Weight Gain](#)
- [Weight Loss](#)