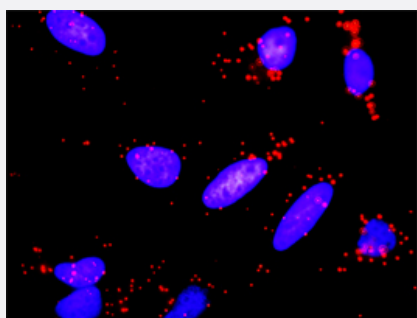


PGF & VEGFA Protein Protein Interaction Antibody Pair

Catalog # DI0254

Size 1 Set

Applications



Representative image of Proximity Ligation Assay of protein-protein interactions between PGF and VEGFA. HeLa cells were stained with anti-PGF rabbit purified polyclonal antibody 1:1200 and anti-VEGFA mouse monoclonal antibody 1:50. Each red dot represents the detection of protein-protein interaction complex. The images were analyzed using an optimized freeware (BlobFinder) download from The Centre for Image Analysis at Uppsala University.

Specification

Product Description

This protein protein interaction antibody pair set comes with two antibodies to detect the protein-protein interaction, one against the PGF protein, and the other against the VEGFA protein for use in [in situ Proximity Ligation Assay](#). [See Publication Reference below](#).

Reactivity

Human

Quality Control Testing

Protein protein interaction immunofluorescence result.
Representative image of Proximity Ligation Assay of protein-protein interactions between PGF and VEGFA. HeLa cells were stained with anti-PGF rabbit purified polyclonal antibody 1:1200 and anti-VEGFA mouse monoclonal antibody 1:50. Each red dot represents the detection of protein-protein interaction complex. The images were analyzed using an optimized freeware (BlobFinder) download from The Centre for Image Analysis at Uppsala University.

Supplied Product

Antibody pair set content:
1. PGF rabbit purified polyclonal antibody (100 ug)
2. VEGFA mouse monoclonal antibody (40 ug)
*Reagents are sufficient for at least 30-50 assays using recommended protocols.

Storage Instruction

Store reagents of the antibody pair set at -20°C or lower. Please aliquot to avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycle. Reagents should be returned to -20°C storage immediately after use.

Applications

- *In situ* Proximity Ligation Assay (Cell)

Gene Info — PGF

Entrez GeneID	5228
Gene Name	PGF
Gene Alias	D12S1900, PGFL, PLGF, PIGF-2, SHGC-10760
Gene Description	placental growth factor
Omim ID	601121
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink
Gene Summary	vascular endothelial growth factor-related protein placental growth factor-like
Other Designations	placenta growth factor placental growth factor, vascular endothelial growth factor-related protein placental growth factor-like

Gene Info — VEGFA

Entrez GeneID	7422
Gene Name	VEGFA
Gene Alias	MGC70609, VEGF, VEGF-A, VPF
Gene Description	vascular endothelial growth factor A
Omim ID	125853 192240
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink

Gene Summary

This gene is a member of the PDGF/VEGF growth factor family and encodes a protein that is often found as a disulfide linked homodimer. This protein is a glycosylated mitogen that specifically acts on endothelial cells and has various effects, including mediating increased vascular permeability, inducing angiogenesis, vasculogenesis and endothelial cell growth, promoting cell migration, and inhibiting apoptosis. Elevated levels of this protein is linked to POEMS syndrome, also known as Crow-Fukase syndrome. Mutations in this gene have been associated with proliferative and nonproliferative diabetic retinopathy. Alternatively spliced transcript variants, encoding either freely secreted or cell-associated isoforms, have been characterized. There is also evidence for the use of non-AUG (CUG) translation initiation sites upstream of, and in-frame with the first AUG, leading to additional isoforms. [provided by RefSeq]

Other Designations

vascular endothelial growth factor isoform VEGF165|vascular permeability factor

Pathway

- [Bladder cancer](#)
- [Bladder cancer](#)
- [Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction](#)
- [Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction](#)
- [Focal adhesion](#)
- [Focal adhesion](#)
- [mTOR signaling pathway](#)
- [mTOR signaling pathway](#)
- [Pancreatic cancer](#)
- [Pancreatic cancer](#)
- [Pathways in cancer](#)
- [Pathways in cancer](#)
- [Renal cell carcinoma](#)
- [Renal cell carcinoma](#)
- [VEGF signaling pathway](#)

Disease

- [Abortion](#)
- [Acute Disease](#)
- [Adenocarcinoma](#)
- [Albuminuria](#)
- [Altitude Sickness](#)
- [Alzheimer disease](#)
- [Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis](#)
- [Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis](#)
- [Angina Pectoris](#)
- [Anoxia](#)
- [Anoxia](#)
- [Arthritis](#)
- [Ascites](#)
- [Asperger Syndrome](#)
- [Asthma](#)
- [Atherosclerosis](#)
- [Atrophy](#)
- [Autistic Disorder](#)
- [Basal Ganglia Diseases](#)
- [Behcet Syndrome](#)
- [Biliary Tract Neoplasms](#)
- [Birth Weight](#)
- [Blindness](#)
- [Brain Ischemia](#)
- [Breast cancer](#)
- [Breast Neoplasms](#)

- [Bronchopulmonary Dysplasia](#)
- [Calcinosis](#)
- [Carcinoma](#)
- [Cardiovascular Abnormalities](#)
- [Cardiovascular Diseases](#)
- [Cell Transformation](#)
- [Cerebral Amyloid Angiopathy](#)
- [Cerebrovascular Accident](#)
- [Chorioamnionitis](#)
- [Chorioamnionitis](#)
- [Choroidal Neovascularization](#)
- [Chronic Disease](#)
- [Cognition](#)
- [Cognition Disorders](#)
- [Colon cancer](#)
- [Colonic Neoplasms](#)
- [Colorectal Neoplasms](#)
- [Connective Tissue Diseases](#)
- [Coronary Artery Disease](#)
- [Coronary Disease](#)
- [Coronary Restenosis](#)
- [Dementia](#)
- [Depressive Disorder](#)
- [Diabetes Complications](#)
- [Diabetes Mellitus](#)
- [Diabetic Angiopathies](#)

- [Diabetic Nephropathies](#)
- [Diabetic Neuropathies](#)
- [Diabetic Retinopathy](#)
- [DiGeorge Syndrome](#)
- [Disease Models](#)
- [Disease Progression](#)
- [Disease Susceptibility](#)
- [Diseases in Twins](#)
- [Drug Toxicity](#)
- [Ductus Arteriosus](#)
- [Duodenal Ulcer](#)
- [Edema](#)
- [Electroconvulsive Therapy](#)
- [Elephantiasis](#)
- [Endocardial Cushion Defects](#)
- [Endometrial Neoplasms](#)
- [Endometriosis](#)
- [Enterocolitis](#)
- [Esophageal Neoplasms](#)
- [Eye Diseases](#)
- [Familial Mediterranean fever](#)
- [Femur Head Necrosis](#)
- [Fetal Diseases](#)
- [Fetal Membranes](#)
- [Fetal Membranes](#)
- [Frontotemporal Dementia](#)

- [Gastritis](#)
- [Gastrointestinal Hemorrhage](#)
- [Genetic Predisposition to Disease](#)
- [Genetic Predisposition to Disease](#)
- [Gilbert Disease](#)
- [Glioma](#)
- [Glomerulonephritis](#)
- [Graft vs Host Disease](#)
- [Head and Neck Neoplasms](#)
- [Heart Defects](#)
- [Heart Failure](#)
- [Heart Septal Defects](#)
- [Heart Valve Diseases](#)
- [Helicobacter Infections](#)
- [HELLP Syndrome](#)
- [Hematologic Diseases](#)
- [Hepatitis B](#)
- [Hodgkin Disease](#)
- [Hot Flashes](#)
- [Hyperbilirubinemia](#)
- [Hypercholesterolemia](#)
- [Hyperparathyroidism](#)
- [Hypertension](#)
- [Hypertrophy](#)
- [Idiopathic Pulmonary Fibrosis](#)
- [Infant](#)

- [Infection](#)
- [Infertility](#)
- [Inflammation](#)
- [Inflammatory Bowel Diseases](#)
- [Insulin Resistance](#)
- [Ischemia](#)
- [Kidney Failure](#)
- [Kidney Neoplasms](#)
- [Laryngeal Neoplasms](#)
- [Leiomyoma](#)
- [Leukemia](#)
- [Liver Cirrhosis](#)
- [Liver Neoplasms](#)
- [Lung Neoplasms](#)
- [Lymphatic Metastasis](#)
- [Lymphoma](#)
- [Lymphoproliferative Disorders](#)
- [Macular Degeneration](#)
- [Macular Edema](#)
- [Malignant melanoma](#)
- [Melanoma](#)
- [Metabolic Syndrome X](#)
- [Migraine Disorders](#)
- [Mouth Neoplasms](#)
- [Mucocutaneous Lymph Node Syndrome](#)

- [Multiple Myeloma](#)
- [Multiple Sclerosis](#)
- [Musculoskeletal Diseases](#)
- [Myocardial Infarction](#)
- [Myocardial Ischemia](#)
- [Narcolepsy](#)
- [Nasopharyngeal Neoplasms](#)
- [Neoplasm Invasiveness](#)
- [Neoplasm Metastasis](#)
- [Neoplasm Recurrence](#)
- [Neoplasms](#)
- [Neovascularization](#)
- [Nephritis](#)
- [Neuroblastoma](#)
- [Obesity](#)
- [Obstetric Labor](#)
- [Obstetric Labor](#)
- [Occupational Diseases](#)
- [Osteoarthritis](#)
- [Osteoporosis](#)
- [Ovarian cancer](#)
- [Ovarian Neoplasms](#)
- [Pancreatitis](#)
- [Paraparesis](#)
- [Parkinson disease](#)
- [Peptic Ulcer](#)

- [Peritoneal Diseases](#)
- [Polycystic Kidney](#)
- [Polycystic kidney disease](#)
- [Polycystic Ovary Syndrome](#)
- [Postoperative Complications](#)
- [Precancerous Conditions](#)
- [Prediabetic State](#)
- [Pre-Eclampsia](#)
- [Pre-Eclampsia](#)
- [Pregnancy](#)
- [Pregnancy Complications](#)
- [Premature Birth](#)
- [Premature Birth](#)
- [Prostate cancer](#)
- [Prostatic Neoplasms](#)
- [Proteinuria](#)
- [Pseudoxanthoma Elasticum](#)
- [Psoriasis](#)
- [Pterygium](#)
- [Pulmonary Disease](#)
- [Pulmonary Edema](#)
- [Pulmonary Fibrosis](#)
- [Purpura](#)
- [Rectal Neoplasms](#)
- [Recurrence](#)
- [Renal Insufficiency](#)

- [Respiratory Distress Syndrome](#)
- [Retinopathy of Prematurity](#)
- [Sarcoidosis](#)
- [Sarcoma](#)
- [Scleroderma](#)
- [Skin Diseases](#)
- [Skin Neoplasms](#)
- [Social Perception](#)
- [Spondylitis](#)
- [Stomach Neoplasms](#)
- [Stomach Ulcer](#)
- [Stroke](#)
- [Sudden Infant Death](#)
- [Supranuclear Palsy](#)
- [Temporal Arteritis](#)
- [Tetralogy of Fallot](#)
- [Thrombosis](#)
- [Thyroid Neoplasms](#)
- [Urinary Bladder Neoplasms](#)
- [Urinary Calculi](#)
- [Urinary Tract Infections](#)
- [Urination Disorders](#)
- [Uterine Cervical Neoplasms](#)
- [Uterine Neoplasms](#)
- [Uveitis](#)
- [Ventricular Outflow Obstruction](#)

- [Vesico-Ureteral Reflux](#)
- [Vision](#)
- [Waldenstrom Macroglobulinemia](#)
- [Werner syndrome](#)