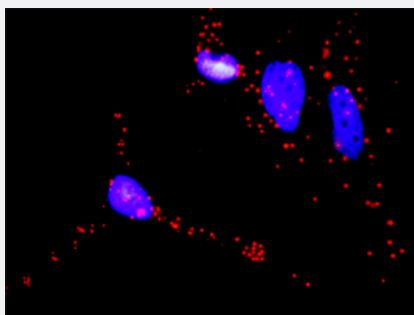


BAD & RAF1 Protein Protein Interaction Antibody Pair

Catalog # DI0243

Size 1 Set

Applications



Representative image of Proximity Ligation Assay of protein-protein interactions between BAD and RAF1. HeLa cells were stained with anti-BAD rabbit purified polyclonal antibody 1:1200 and anti-RAF1 mouse monoclonal antibody 1:50. Each red dot represents the detection of protein-protein interaction complex. The images were analyzed using an optimized freeware (BlobFinder) download from The Centre for Image Analysis at Uppsala University.

Specification

Product Description

This protein protein interaction antibody pair set comes with two antibodies to detect the protein-protein interaction, one against the BAD protein, and the other against the RAF1 protein for use in [in situ Proximity Ligation Assay](#). [See Publication Reference below](#).

Reactivity

Human

Quality Control Testing

Protein protein interaction immunofluorescence result.
Representative image of Proximity Ligation Assay of protein-protein interactions between BAD and RAF1. HeLa cells were stained with anti-BAD rabbit purified polyclonal antibody 1:1200 and anti-RAF1 mouse monoclonal antibody 1:50. Each red dot represents the detection of protein-protein interaction complex. The images were analyzed using an optimized freeware (BlobFinder) download from The Centre for Image Analysis at Uppsala University.

Supplied Product

Antibody pair set content:
1. BAD rabbit purified polyclonal antibody (100 ug)
2. RAF1 mouse monoclonal antibody (40 ug)
*Reagents are sufficient for at least 30-50 assays using recommended protocols.

Storage Instruction

Store reagents of the antibody pair set at -20°C or lower. Please aliquot to avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycle. Reagents should be returned to -20°C storage immediately after use.

Applications

- *In situ* Proximity Ligation Assay (Cell)

Gene Info — BAD

Entrez GeneID	572
Gene Name	BAD
Gene Alias	BBC2, BCL2L8
Gene Description	BCL2-associated agonist of cell death
Omim ID	603167
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink
Gene Summary	The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the BCL-2 family. BCL-2 family members are known to be regulators of programmed cell death. This protein positively regulates cell apoptosis by forming heterodimers with BCL-xL and BCL-2, and reversing their death repressor activity. Proapoptotic activity of this protein is regulated through its phosphorylation. Protein kinases AKT and MAP kinase, as well as protein phosphatase calcineurin were found to be involved in the regulation of this protein. Alternative splicing of this gene results in two transcript variants which encode the same isoform. [provided by RefSeq]
Other Designations	BCL-X/BCL-2 binding protein BCL2-antagonist of cell death protein BCL2-binding component 6 BCL2-binding protein

Gene Info — RAF1

Entrez GeneID	5894
Gene Name	RAF1
Gene Alias	CRAF, NS5, Raf-1, c-Raf
Gene Description	v-raf-1 murine leukemia viral oncogene homolog 1
Omim ID	164760 611553 611554
Gene Ontology	Hyperlink

Gene Summary

This gene is the cellular homolog of viral raf gene (v-raf). The encoded protein is a MAP kinase kinase kinase (MAP3K), which functions downstream of the Ras family of membrane associated GTPases to which it binds directly. Once activated, the cellular RAF1 protein can phosphorylate to activate the dual specificity protein kinases MEK1 and MEK2, which in turn phosphorylate to activate the serine/threonine specific protein kinases, ERK1 and ERK2. Activated ERKs are pleiotropic effectors of cell physiology and play an important role in the control of gene expression involved in the cell division cycle, apoptosis, cell differentiation and cell migration. Mutations in this gene are associated with Noonan syndrome 5 and LEOPARD syndrome 2. [provided by RefSeq]

Other Designations

Oncogene RAF1|raf proto-oncogene serine/threonine protein kinase

Pathway

- [Acute myeloid leukemia](#)
- [Acute myeloid leukemia](#)
- [Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis \(ALS\)](#)
- [Apoptosis](#)
- [B cell receptor signaling pathway](#)
- [Bladder cancer](#)
- [Chemokine signaling pathway](#)
- [Chronic myeloid leukemia](#)
- [Chronic myeloid leukemia](#)
- [Colorectal cancer](#)
- [Colorectal cancer](#)
- [Endometrial cancer](#)
- [Endometrial cancer](#)
- [ErbB signaling pathway](#)
- [ErbB signaling pathway](#)
- [Fc epsilon RI signaling pathway](#)
- [Fc gamma R-mediated phagocytosis](#)
- [Focal adhesion](#)

- [Focal adhesion](#)
- [Gap junction](#)
- [Glioma](#)
- [GnRH signaling pathway](#)
- [Insulin signaling pathway](#)
- [Insulin signaling pathway](#)
- [Long-term depression](#)
- [Long-term potentiation](#)
- [MAPK signaling pathway](#)
- [Melanogenesis](#)
- [Melanoma](#)
- [Melanoma](#)
- [Natural killer cell mediated cytotoxicity](#)
- [Neurotrophin signaling pathway](#)
- [Neurotrophin signaling pathway](#)
- [Non-small cell lung cancer](#)
- [Non-small cell lung cancer](#)
- [Pancreatic cancer](#)
- [Pancreatic cancer](#)
- [Pathways in cancer](#)
- [Pathways in cancer](#)
- [Prostate cancer](#)
- [Prostate cancer](#)
- [Regulation of actin cytoskeleton](#)
- [Renal cell carcinoma](#)
- [T cell receptor signaling pathway](#)

- [Vascular smooth muscle contraction](#)
- [VEGF signaling pathway](#)
- [VEGF signaling pathway](#)

Disease

- [Abnormalities](#)
- [Arrhythmias](#)
- [Articulation Disorders](#)
- [Cardiovascular Diseases](#)
- [Cardiovascular Diseases](#)
- [Cognition](#)
- [Cognition Disorders](#)
- [Developmental Disabilities](#)
- [Diabetes Mellitus](#)
- [Diabetes Mellitus](#)
- [Dyslexia](#)
- [Edema](#)
- [Edema](#)
- [Genetic Predisposition to Disease](#)
- [Genetic Predisposition to Disease](#)
- [Glioma](#)
- [Hearing](#)
- [Heart Defects](#)
- [Hypertrophy](#)
- [Language Disorders](#)
- [LEOPARD Syndrome](#)

- [Lymphoma](#)
- [Memory](#)
- [Motor Skills](#)
- [Noonan Syndrome](#)
- [Parkinson disease](#)
- [Skin Abnormalities](#)
- [Thyroid Neoplasms](#)
- [Thyroid Neoplasms](#)