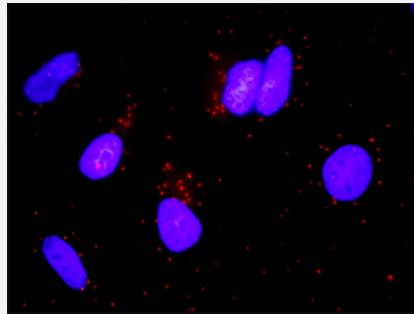


# STAT5A & GHR Protein Protein Interaction Antibody Pair

Catalog # DI0214 Size 1 Set

## Applications



Representative image of Proximity Ligation Assay of protein-protein interactions between STAT5A and GHR. HeLa cells were stained with anti-STAT5A rabbit purified polyclonal antibody 1:1200 and anti-GHR mouse monoclonal antibody 1:50. Each red dot represents the detection of protein-protein interaction complex. The images were analyzed using an optimized freeware (BlobFinder) download from The Centre for Image Analysis at Uppsala University.

## Specification

<b>Product Description</b>	This protein protein interaction antibody pair set comes with two antibodies to detect the protein-protein interaction, one against the STAT5A protein, and the other against the GHR protein for use in <a href="#">in situ Proximity Ligation Assay</a> . See Publication Reference below.
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human
<b>Quality Control Testing</b>	Protein protein interaction immunofluorescence result. Representative image of Proximity Ligation Assay of protein-protein interactions between STAT5A and GHR. HeLa cells were stained with anti-STAT5A rabbit purified polyclonal antibody 1:1200 and anti-GHR mouse monoclonal antibody 1:50. Each red dot represents the detection of protein-protein interaction complex. The images were analyzed using an optimized freeware (BlobFinder) download from The Centre for Image Analysis at Uppsala University.
<b>Supplied Product</b>	Antibody pair set content: 1. STAT5A rabbit purified polyclonal antibody (100 ug) 2. GHR mouse monoclonal antibody (40 ug) *Reagents are sufficient for at least 30-50 assays using recommended protocols.
<b>Storage Instruction</b>	Store reagents of the antibody pair set at -20°C or lower. Please aliquot to avoid repeated freeze thaw cycle. Reagents should be returned to -20°C storage immediately after use.

## Applications

- *In situ* Proximity Ligation Assay (Cell)

## Gene Info — GHR

Entrez GeneID	<a href="#">2690</a>
Gene Name	GHR
Gene Alias	GHBP
Gene Description	growth hormone receptor
Omim ID	<a href="#">262500 600946</a>
Gene Ontology	<a href="#">Hyperlink</a>
Gene Summary	This gene encodes a protein that is a transmembrane receptor for growth hormone. Binding of growth hormone to the receptor leads to receptor dimerization and the activation of an intra- and intracellular signal transduction pathway leading to growth. A common alternate allele of this gene, called GHRd3, lacks exon three and has been well-characterized. Mutations in this gene have been associated with Laron syndrome, also known as the growth hormone insensitivity syndrome (GHS), a disorder characterized by short stature. Other splice variants, including one encoding a soluble form of the protein (GHRtr), have been observed but have not been thoroughly characterized. In humans and rabbits, but not rodents, growth hormone binding protein (GHBP) is generated by proteolytic cleavage of the extracellular ligand-binding domain from the mature growth hormone receptor protein. The precise location of this cleavage site has not been determined for the human protein.
Other Designations	growth hormone binding protein serum binding protein somatotropin receptor

## Gene Info — STAT5A

Entrez GeneID	<a href="#">6776</a>
Gene Name	STAT5A
Gene Alias	MGF, STAT5
Gene Description	signal transducer and activator of transcription 5A
Omim ID	<a href="#">601511</a>
Gene Ontology	<a href="#">Hyperlink</a>

## Gene Summary

The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the STAT family of transcription factors. In response to cytokines and growth factors, STAT family members are phosphorylated by the receptor associated kinases, and then form homo- or heterodimers that translocate to the cell nucleus where they act as transcription activators. This protein is activated by, and mediates the responses of many cell ligands, such as IL2, IL3, IL7 GM-CSF, erythropoietin, thrombopoietin, and different growth hormones. Activation of this protein in myeloma and lymphoma associated with a TEL/JAK2 gene fusion is independent of cell stimulus and has been shown to be essential for the tumorigenesis. The mouse counterpart of this gene is found to induce the expression of BCL2L1/BCL-X(L), which suggests the antiapoptotic function of this gene in cells. [provided by RefSeq]

## Other Designations

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## Pathway

- [Acute myeloid leukemia](#)
- [Chronic myeloid leukemia](#)
- [Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction](#)
- [ErbB signaling pathway](#)
- [Jak-STAT signaling pathway](#)
- [Jak-STAT signaling pathway](#)
- [Neuroactive ligand-receptor interaction](#)
- [Pathways in cancer](#)

## Disease

- [Acromegaly](#)
- [Adenocarcinoma](#)
- [Alzheimer disease](#)
- [Anorexia Nervosa](#)
- [Asthma](#)
- [Binge-Eating Disorder](#)
- [Birth Weight](#)
- [Birth Weight](#)

- [Bone Diseases](#)
- [Breast cancer](#)
- [Breast cancer](#)
- [Breast Neoplasms](#)
- [Breast Neoplasms](#)
- [Bronchiolitis](#)
- [Bulimia](#)
- [Carcinoma](#)
- [Carcinoma](#)
- [Cardiovascular Diseases](#)
- [Cerebral Amyloid Angiopathy](#)
- [Cerebrovascular Accident](#)
- [Diabetes Complications](#)
- [Diabetes Mellitus](#)
- [Diabetic Nephropathies](#)
- [Disease Progression](#)
- [Dwarfism](#)
- [Edema](#)
- [Esophageal Neoplasms](#)
- [Genetic Predisposition to Disease](#)
- [Genetic Predisposition to Disease](#)
- [Glioblastoma](#)
- [Glioma](#)
- [Glucose Intolerance](#)
- [Growth Disorders](#)
- [Hepatitis C](#)

- [Hypertension](#)
- [Hypopituitarism](#)
- [Infant](#)
- [Insulin Resistance](#)
- [Kidney Failure](#)
- [Laron Syndrome](#)
- [Leukemia](#)
- [Liver Neoplasms](#)
- [Lung carcinoma](#)
- [Lung Neoplasms](#)
- [Lupus Erythematosus](#)
- [Lymphoma](#)
- [Meningeal Neoplasms](#)
- [Meningioma](#)
- [Metabolic Diseases](#)
- [Metabolic Syndrome X](#)
- [Neoplasms](#)
- [Neuroblastoma](#)
- [Obesity](#)
- [Osteoarthritis](#)
- [Osteoporosis](#)
- [Ovarian cancer](#)
- [Ovarian Failure](#)
- [Ovarian Neoplasms](#)
- [Pituitary ACTH Hypersecretion](#)
- [Polycystic Ovary Syndrome](#)

- [Prognathism](#)
- [Prostate cancer](#)
- [Prostatic Neoplasms](#)
- [Puberty](#)
- [Pulmonary Disease](#)
- [Respiratory Syncytial Virus Infections](#)
- [Scoliosis](#)
- [Spinal Fractures](#)
- [Thrombophilia](#)
- [Thyroid Neoplasms](#)
- [Tobacco Use Disorder](#)
- [Turner Syndrome](#)
- [Urinary Bladder Neoplasms](#)
- [Viremia](#)
- [Werner syndrome](#)